



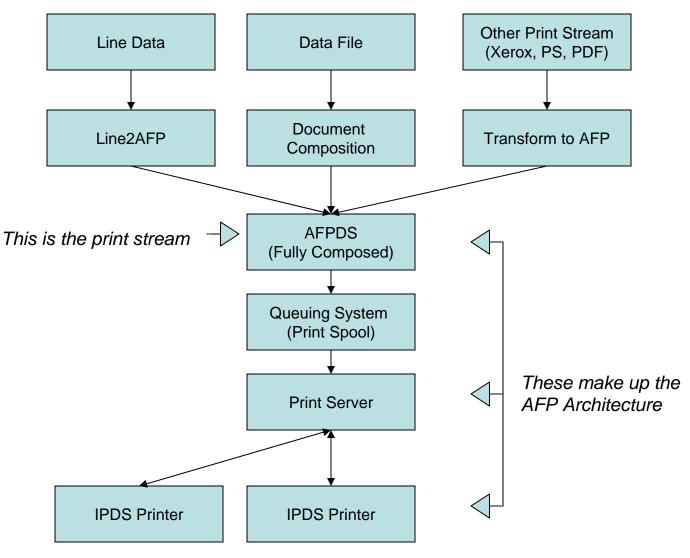
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What does an AFP environment look like?



History

- First AFP products came out ~ 1984
- Mainframe (MVS) environments only
- At that time, all products were IBM
 - Printers
 - 3800-3 @ 229 impressions / minute
 - 3820 @ 20 impressions / minute
 - Software
 - PSF / MVS
 - Print server for IPDS printers
 - PMF for data layout
 - OGL for electronic forms



History

• Remember:

- The "standard" at the time were line printers that used monospaced fonts!

• **AFP originally supported:**

- 240 dpi resolution
- Raster fonts Usually no more than 15 sizes of each typeface
- No automatic rotation of fonts or images
- AFP Focus:
 - Mainframe Data Centre printing
 - All variable
 - Performance
 - Integrity
 - Centralized management of resources



Install Base

- Transactional / Data Center
 - Financial
 - Banks, Insurance
 - Utilities
 - Hydro, Cable, Gas, Water, Telephone
 - Government
- Types of documents:
 - Policies, statements, SYSOUT, and billing applications



Enhancements to AFP

- Lots of new printers, both by IBM and others:
 - Cut-sheet and continuous forms
 - Range from 15 to 2000 impressions per minute
- More print server platforms
 - Addition of print servers on VM, AS/400, Windows, AIX, Linux
- Support for 300, 480 and 600 dpi resolutions
- Native Vector Graphics support (GOCA)
- Resolution-independent image (IOCA)
- Native Bar Code support (BCOCA)
- Finishing (stitch / fold)
- Adobe Type1 font support (FOCA)

Enhancements to AFP

- Support for non-AFP image object types
 - JPEG/JFIF, TIFF, and even single page PS,
 PDF
- Added 32-bit color image support
- Added Truetype / Opentype font support
- Added Color Management to the AFP architecture (2006 – CMOCA)
- The enhancement continues...
 - AFP Consortium meets 3 times annually to continue to enhance/improve the abilities of the AFP architecture

OEM Support

- Many 3rd party vendors create solutions in the AFP space:
 - Forms Design, Document composition
 - Font & image creation / Conversion tools
 - Print Servers
 - IPDS Printers
 - AFP Transforms
 - You can have an AFP shop, and no IBM software or hardware...
 - Moreover, you can mix and match tools from multiple vendors, and it works!

- IPDS Intelligent Printer Data Stream
 - A bi-directional *conversation* between the print server and the printer
 - "Who are you, and what features/options do you support?"
 - Resource Management
 - Automatic downloading of resources
 - Purging at end of job (if required) or when printer memory full
 - Printer status
 - # of pages sent, # of pages confirmed printed
 - Error recovery
 - Can detect it if printer goes off the page, and report it back
 - Paper jam, can back up
 - Co-ordination of pre/post devices via the Universal Pre and Post Processor protocol (UP3I)



- Integrity
 - The print server knows how many pages have been committed to the output stacker
 - If a problem (paper jam, power outage) occurs, the print server can back up to the last page that it knows was committed to the output stacker
 - All the dots on all the pages printed as expected.
 - One of the largest "sins" is for an AFP printer to drop all or part of a page and not tell you about it!
 - Note that you can tell it *not* to tell you, so be careful!

• Object Based:

- Everything is an object that has a start and end wrapper around it (page, images, overlays, documents, etc)
 - improves integrity by being able to detect incomplete print stream or incomplete object
- Even support for PS, PDF objects
- Performance:
 - Capturing and retaining of objects means they only need to be transmitted to the printer and processed once
 - Most AFP applications are <30 Kbytes per page
 - Resources are managed independently
 - Page independence allows processing of pages in parallel by print controllers that have multiple processors.

- **Device independence:**
 - An application that works on one AFP printer should print correctly on an AFP printer from a different vendor (or else it's a bug)
 - There is little room for ambiguity
 - There are no device specific controls for paper trays, finishing, etc
 - Even moving an application from cut sheet to 2-UP continuous can be accomplished simply by using a different FORMDEF; no changes to the document composition step should be required

- **Open Architecture (officially!)**
 - AFP Consortium now steers where AFP architecture goes.
 - Lots of OEMs with product out there
- Manageability
 - Facilitates centralized accounting, capacity planning, resource management

- Indexing / Archiving Tools
 - Tools to retrieve all needed resources for efficient archiving of a print stream
 - Supports indexing for fast retrieval of a specific document within a print file
 - Supports page grouping, and document metadata on both page and group levels
- Mature, Robust
 - Has stood the test of 22+ years



Weaknesses

- Imaging model compared to PostScript, PDF:
 - Supports only 4 directions of text
 - Graduated screenings
 - Text along arbitrary paths
 - Bezier curves
 - Trapping
 - Color Management
 - This has been released as formal architecture by the AFP Consortium. People are free to start building product.
- Some comment that AFP is "Proprietary" to IBM
 - If an IBM printer didn't support that function, there was no architecture for it
 - AFP Consortium has officially opened up the AFP architecture to it's competitors and partners. The AFP consortium now steers where AFP goes.

Weaknesses

- Some complain that it requires a print server
 - Can't just "lpr" an AFP file to a printer directly, but need to go through the print server to have the print "managed" for you.
 - This is not a weakness if you want managed output!
- Some complain that this server is a CPU pig
 - CPUs are cheaper than people, and continue to get cheaper every year. Having output with data missing, or having people check the output is expensive!

Weaknesses

- Print metadata / job ticket is external to the print file
 - This data is usually dependent on the print server and platform, and is sometimes difficult to move around between operating systems
 - Most LPRs don't support this extra metadata
- No native format that supports compressed resources or pages (for archive purposes) like PDF has
 - Archive formats / tools tend to be proprietary although the AFP that they contain is not!
- No free, high quality viewers available, unlike PDF



Opportunities

- Completely variable, high speed, Full color
 - Don predicts: "AFP will do full color before PDF will go at high speed with integrity"



Threats

- PDF
 - Imaging model is superior, based on PostScript
 - Full color, color management
 - Page independence
 - Ubiquitous
 - Good, free, viewers available
- However..
 - PDF does not natively support paper tray selection, duplex printing, finishing
 - RIP speeds tend to be slow
 - no guarantee of integrity of the output (font substitution)
 - Or that all the dots on all the pages printed as expected



Closing Thoughts

- Just having an AFP print stream does not guarantee integrity, performance, device independence
 - Much of the integrity comes from IPDS
 - The AFP software solution you choose must support these features
 - An AFP solution will be garbage if the vendor does an "end run" around the standard implementation
 - Some vendors have invented unique ways to accomplish certain tasks that are non-standard, and these may not survive the device independence test.

